

BIBLIOGRAPHIC COMMUNICATION

THE BIBLIOGRAPHY OF DENDROCHRONOLOGY AND THE GLOSSARY OF DENDROCHRONOLOGY: TWO NEW ONLINE TOOLS FOR TREE-RING RESEARCH

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ABSTRACT

Two new online products are available to the international tree-ring community. The Bibliography of Dendrochronology (published online in February 2003) currently has 10,000 references and is the world's largest online bibliography specializing in tree-ring research. In March 2004, the Glossary of Dendrochronology was made available and is a searchable database of 351 terms and definitions in English, German, French, Spanish, Italian and Portuguese. Both databases result from the collaboration of numerous tree-ring scientists worldwide.

Keywords: Dendrochronology, online resources, bibliography, multilingual glossary.

INTRODUCTION

Dendrochronology is a scientific method at the crossroad of many scientific disciplines. It borrows ideas from such areas as wood anatomy, isotope analysis, and chemistry, and serves such disciplines as archaeology, climatology, hydrology and forest ecology. An active international tree-ring community has grown over time operating through the Internet since 1988 when the International Tree-Ring Data Bank (ITRDB) created a discussion forum that thrives today. Networking activities within this community involve, for example, the online International Tree-Ring Data Bank, two

journals (*Tree-Ring Research* and *Dendrochronologia*), two professional associations (the Tree-Ring Society and the Association for Tree-Ring Research), the ITRDB Internet Forum, and numerous excellent web sites (Grissino-Mayer 1996–2004).

Two new online resources further contribute to the dissemination of information and help foster international collaboration within this community. Since February 2003, the Bibliography of Dendrochronology¹, a wealth of over 10,000 references related to tree-ring analysis, has been available and

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¹ Bibliography of Dendrochronology: <http://www01.wsl.ch/dendrobiblio>, cited 01-Apr-04.

Bibliography of Dendrochronology

Advanced search

Fill in one or more of the following fields:

Author(s):

Year of publication:

Title:

Journal:

Abstract:

Geographic keywords:
(e.g. archaeological site, forest, waterbody, city, region, and/or country, etc.)

Plant species:
(Latin, English and/or local names)

All keywords:
(includes geographic and general keywords and plant names)

Language of main text:

Language of abstract(s) in the document:
(only English abstracts are displayed in this database)

Show max. references pro page.

Figure 1. Advanced search interface in the Bibliography of Dendrochronology.

searchable online. In March 2004, a multilingual Glossary of Dendrochronology² was also published on the Internet. Both products were developed with financial support from the Swiss Federal Institute for Forest, Snow and Landscape Research WSL.

THE BIBLIOGRAPHY OF DENDROCHRONOLOGY: 10,000 REFERENCES ONLINE

Since 1986, the second author of this paper (H. D. G.) has been collecting published material related to tree-ring research and compiling citations with keywords and abstracts into a computer database. As he started distributing monthly refer-

ence lists on the ITRDB Internet Forum, an increasing number of authors realized how useful this collection was to the international tree-ring community, and contributed reprints of their articles and dissertations. This database soon became—and still is—the ultimate source of bibliographic information for tree-ring scientists worldwide. The original collection was enhanced in 2003 as staff from the WSL Library entered the references of approximately 3,500 documents donated by Professor Fritz H. Schweingruber, who had retired from the Swiss Federal Research Institute WSL.

Only publications that explicitly refer to the description or analysis of tree rings are included (Kaennel Dobbertin and Grissino-Mayer 2004). The online version was launched in February 2003 and had been visited 7,241 times as of April 1, 2004 (Figure 1). As of this date, it held 10,000

² Glossary of Dendrochronology: <http://www01.wsl.ch/glossary>, cited 01-Apr-04.

earlywood

Alternative forms: = [early wood](#) | # † [springwood](#)

The xylem cells produced in the **tree ring** during the early part of the **growing season**, characterized by large, thin-walled **tracheids** in **Gymnosperms**, and numerous large **vessels** in **Angiosperms**.

"Earlywood" is used preferentially to "springwood" as the latter often does not correspond to a physiological reality, especially under latitudes where earlywood is formed in the early summer (e.g. Canada) or in autumn as in some Mediterranean species (e.g. *Cupressus sempervirens*).

In certain cases, earlywood may be divided into "early earlywood", "mid-earlywood" and "late earlywood" (see photograph).

See also:
[latewood](#) | [early earlywood](#) | [mid-earlywood](#) | [late earlywood](#)

German: [Frühholz](#)

French: [bois initial](#)

Italian: [legno primaticcio](#)

Spanish: [madera temprana](#)

Portuguese: [lenho inicial](#)



[Click here to enlarge picture.](#)

Figure 2. Example of entry in the online Glossary of Dendrochronology. Hyperlinks to other entries are given in bold case.

references in 23 languages and with a year of publication ranging from 1737 to 2004.

The five most cited tree species are *Pinus sylvestris* (646 references), *Picea abies* (636), *Pseudotsuga menziesii* (359), *Pinus ponderosa* (318), and *Abies alba* (267). A searchable database of 1,010 plant species relevant for dendrochronology³, with names in Latin, English and partly German, French, Spanish, Italian and Portuguese, accompanies the Bibliography. As an additional service, photocopies of documents from the WSL collection complying with the international copyright laws can be ordered from the WSL Library.

THE GLOSSARY OF DENDROCHRONOLOGY: AN INTERNATIONAL PROJECT IN SIX LANGUAGES

The searchable online Glossary of Dendrochronology contains definitions of 351 terms in En-

glish, German, French, Spanish, Italian and Portuguese. In addition, whenever relevant, the following may be found in any of the six languages: variants (for example synonyms, Austrian or Swiss variants of German terms, obsolete terms or neologisms), semantically correlated terms, and linguistic notes. An English technical note and/or a figure may provide further information (Figure 2).

This online tool is adapted from the Multilingual Glossary of Dendrochronology (1995), which included Russian as a seventh language. This publication was a team effort of 53 contributing experts all over the world. English, German and French terms and definitions were compiled or coined by Fritz H. Schweingruber and M. Kaennel Dobbertin by seeking advice and approval from scientists in tree-ring related disciplines and applications. Specifically, Italian, Spanish, Russian and Portuguese-speaking scientists—not translators—took over the responsibility of the translations or adaptations into their language. When different meanings were highlighted between languages, e.g. for silvicultural terms, the coordinators were instructed to provide a close translation of the En-

³ Dendrochronology Species Database: <http://www01.wsl.ch/species>, cited 01-Apr-04.

glish definition and a linguistic note to warn readers against the different uses. The justification for this approach is that most of the scientific literature is usually in English, and that non-native English readers unfamiliar with both the language and the scientific content of an article, or non-native English-speaking authors of articles in English may not be aware of differences with their own scientific culture. Pointing out differences between languages rather than hiding them is also the basis for sound terminological work—as it is done for example at IUFRO—and hence for efficient dissemination of scientific results (see *e.g.* Lund 2002).

The Glossary of Dendrochronology is meant primarily for students and researchers from various backgrounds who apply dendrochronology to a wide range of contexts. It aims at providing them with simple definitions for the most widely used dendrochronological concepts and techniques and for some of the commonest terms used in the many application fields, such as climatology, hydrology or archaeology.

PERSPECTIVES

Both databases are products of and for the international tree-ring community, and will be kept alive through the input of this community. New entries to the Bibliography of Dendrochronology continue to be added by the second author of this paper. This is mainly possible because of reprints and copies contributed by tree-ring scientists worldwide, whom we thank for their input. The online version is updated monthly by the first author. Tree-ring authors are also invited to submit references for inclusion via an online form⁴. Bib-

liographic collections from other tree-ring laboratories worldwide are welcome for inclusion. Although a second printed edition of the Glossary of Dendrochronology is not planned in the near future, comments about use or definitions of terms or suggestions for new entries are encouraged and will be posted on the web site.

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⁴ <http://www01.wsl.ch/dendrobiblio/submit.html>